

PHOTOCATALYST COATINGS AIA CES COURSE #NAWKOTE-PC

Nawkaw Corporation is a registered provider with The American Institute of Architects Continuing Education Systems. Credits earned on completion of this program will be reported to CES Records for AIA members. Certificates of Completion for non-AIA members are available on request.

Our presentation usually lasts between 45 – 60 minutes. Please grant us access 30 minutes before to allow setting up equipment as necessary. Nawkaw is happy to reimburse you with a luncheon for all participants attending the course.

During this seminar, you will learn how photocatalyst coatings harness nature's natural forces to benefit buildings indoors and outdoors. Introducing the history and fundamental science behind it, we dive deeper into the beneficial aspects of photocatalytic coatings – especially its self-cleaning and air purifying attributes.

1. History...

- 2. Science...
- 3. Benefits...

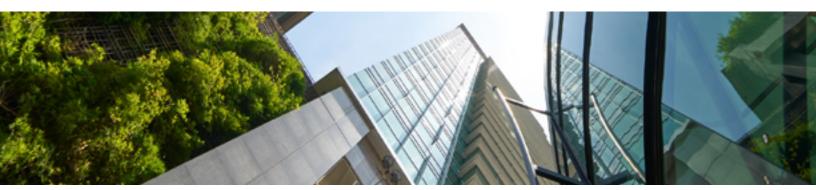
-EARNING OBJECTIVES

4. Application...

... of Photocatalyst Coatings

Questions? We are happy to help! Contact us or schedule a seminar today! 1-866-NAWKAW or info@nawkaw.com

www.nawkaw.com









History

Learning about the history of photocatalyst coatings, how the coating was discovered and for how long it has been around, will help you understand why specifying photocatalyst coatings can improve your architectural projects.

Science

The science behind photocatalyst coatings is very extensive. Providing you with the knowledge of the fundamentals will lead you to understand why photocatalyst coatings function and work the way they do, exhibiting clear evidence.

Benefits

Photocatalyst coatings come with a variety of benefits and are suited for indoor & outdoor usage. The coating system provides self-cleaning attributes and improves surrounding air quality, while cutting down on maintenance costs.

Application

The coating system can be applied to many different surfaces such as concrete, ceramics, building panels, glass and painted surfaces. While the application process varies for every surface, the benefits remain the same.